

Priority 3 Performance Overview

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12th November 2015

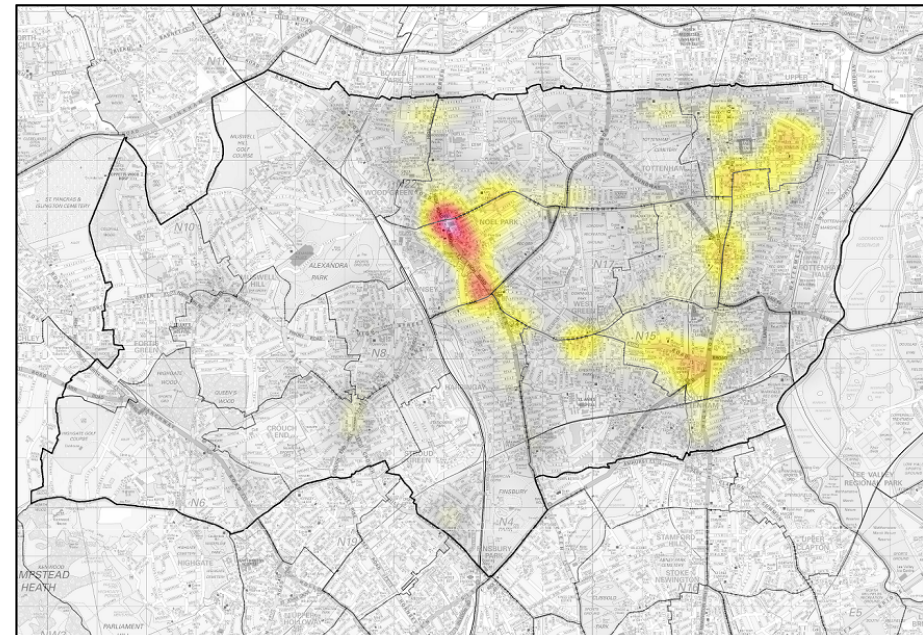
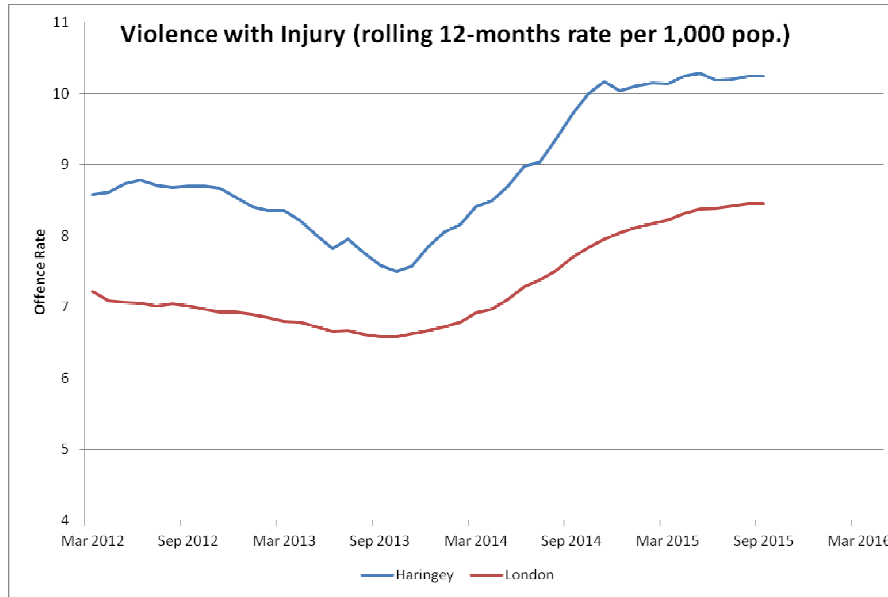
Performance Overview



MOPAC 7 (Data to August 2015)						
Crime Type	Baseline 2011/12	Target 2015/16	Current 12-Months	Haringey % Change 12-Months	Haringey % Change Baseline	Target
Burglary	3,649	2,919	2,695	-8.8%	-26.1%	ON TARGET
Criminal Damage	2,748	2,198	2,152	5.4%	-21.7%	ON TARGET
Robbery	1,497	1,198	1,180	31.0%	-21.2%	ON TARGET
Theft from M/V	3,040	2,432	1,839	-24.0%	-39.5%	ON TARGET
Theft of M/V	1,284	1,027	794	5.4%	-38.2%	ON TARGET
Theft from Person	1,204	963	1,196	5.4%	-0.7%	OFF TARGET
Violence with Injury	2,264	1,811	2,672	9.9%	18.0%	OFF TARGET
MOPAC 7 Total	15,686	12,549	12,528	-0.9%	-20.1%	ON TARGET

- Performance to August 2015 is on track to meet the MOPAC -20% reduction target and is currently at -20.1%, compared to the 2011/12 baseline
- Continued focus on high volume categories, including those currently performing well (e.g. Burglary, Motor Vehicle Crime etc), will be necessary to ensure that performance remains on target. haringey.gov.uk

Violence with Injury



Overview of Current Performance:

Currently at +18.0% (408 more offences) compared to the MOPAC 2011/12 baseline. London is currently at +17.2% over the same period. It is unlikely that any borough will meet the MOPAC target of -20% by April 2016.

Violence with Injury (VWI) is made up of both domestic and non-domestic incidents, which form approximately 34% and 66% of total VWI respectively.

Long term sanction detection rates have improved for VWI, and are currently at 30.1%, compared to 26.2% in 2011/12. This is despite a slight decrease in the past 12 months. London's VWI sanction detection rate is currently 32.6%.

Key Locations:

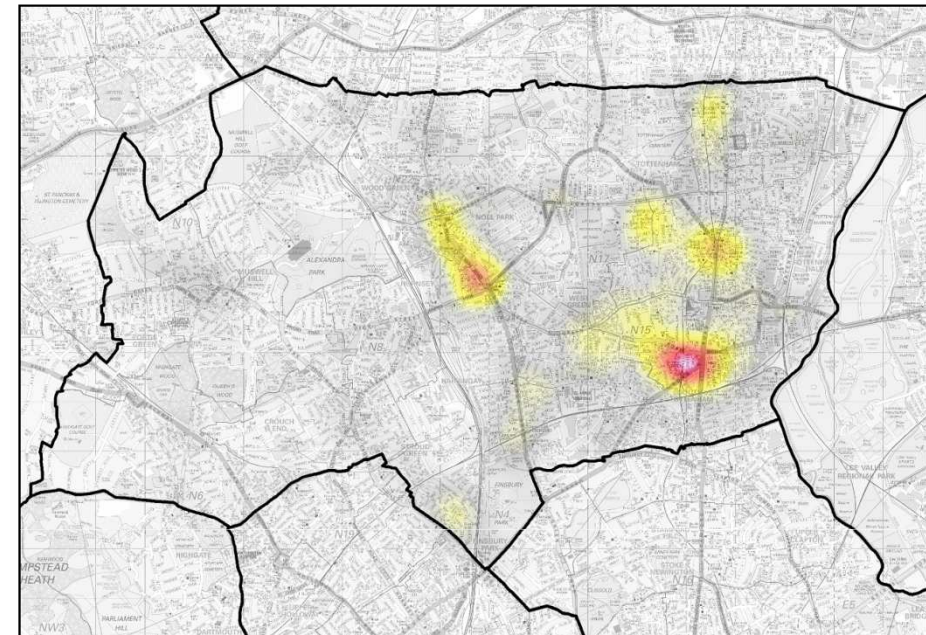
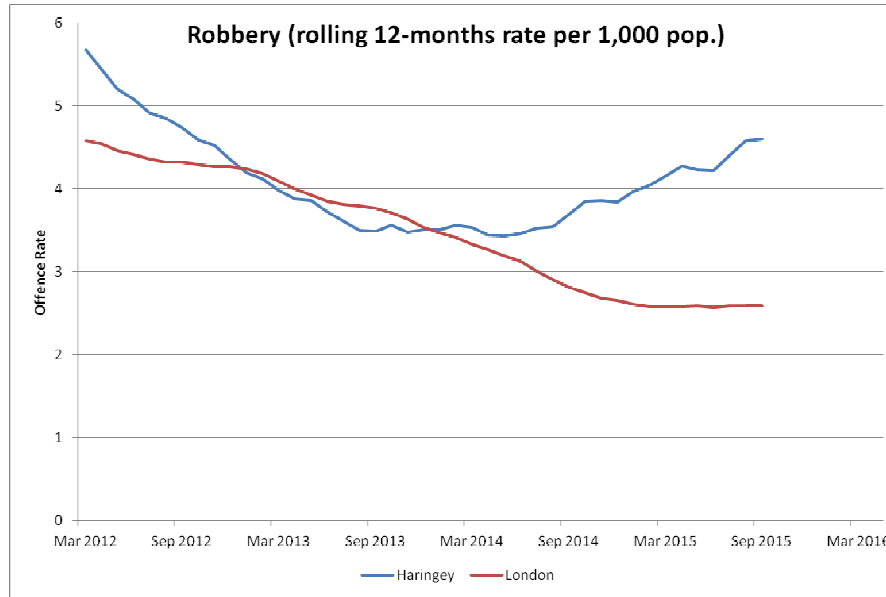
Endymion Road, St Ann's Road, Wood Green High Road, Seven Sisters Road, Lordship Lane

Drivers:

- Wireless Festival / Finsbury Park – fights occurring during festival and also in park during day-to-day usage by public
- St Ann's Hospital – Patients/staff members being attacked by patients, often whilst being restrained.
- Retail/night time economy related issues, including when individuals have been refused entry to shops or bars/pubs and subsequently attacking staff/security.

Robbery

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Overview of Current Performance:

Currently at -21.2% (317 fewer offences) compared to the MOPAC 2011/12 baseline. London is currently at -43.4% over the same period.

Robbery is made up of both personal and business robbery offences, both of which have recorded increases over the past 12 months, despite the long term reductions. Business robbery has experienced an increase of +34.5% (20 more offences), personal robbery has increased by +21.2% (201 more offences). Notably, however, robberies of mobile phones have reduced by -45.4% in the past 12 months.

The sanction detection rate has significantly reduced for robbery, both in the short and long term, and is currently at 8.5%. London's Robbery sanction detection rate is currently 12.0%.

Key Locations:

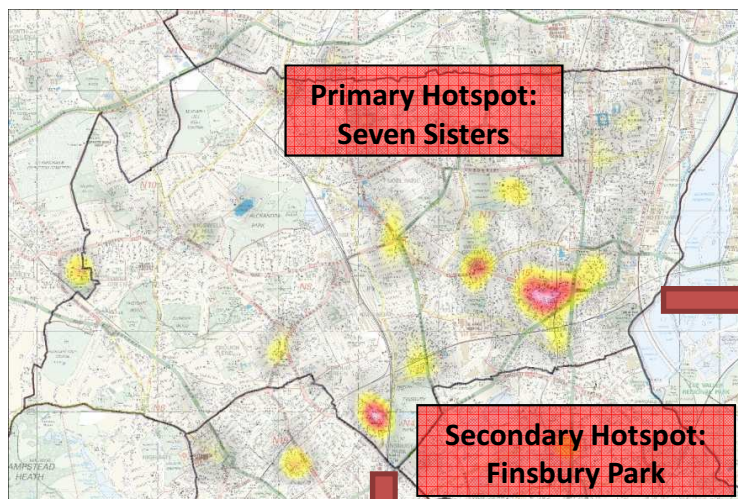
Wood Green High Road, Seven Sisters Road, Broad Lane, Bruce Grove, Turnpike Lane

Drivers:

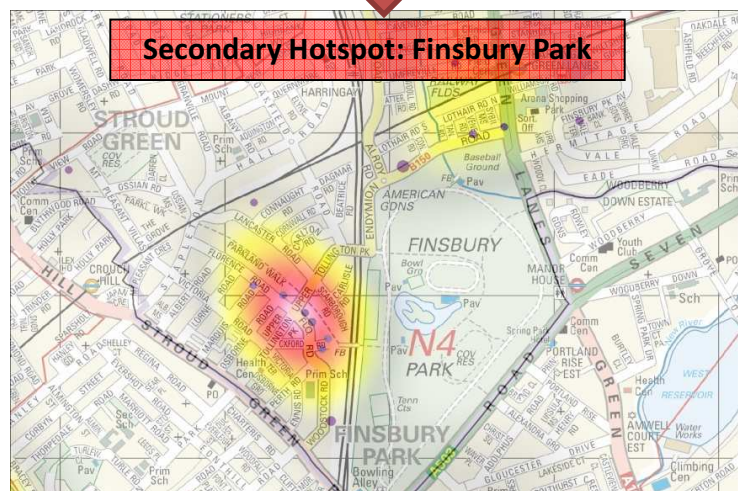
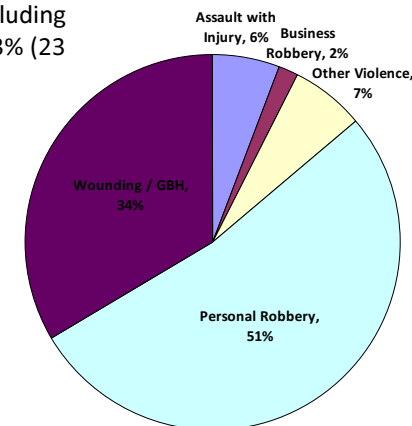
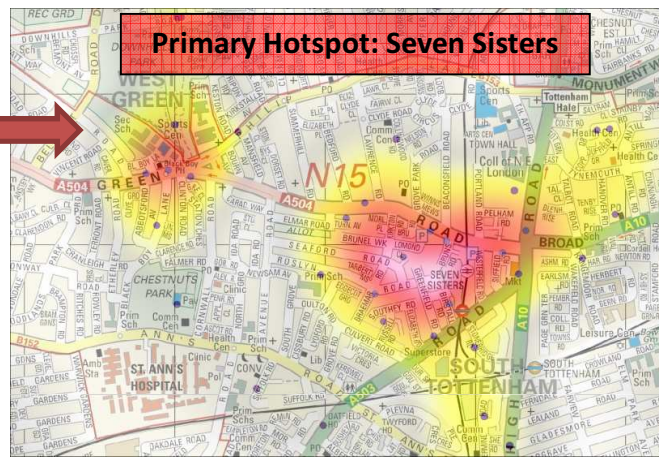
- Tube Stations – victims often followed out from tube stations and robbed of personal possessions in nearby streets
- Chain Snatches – offending groups target individuals, usually female or elderly victims, and snatch gold chains from them. Nearby cars or mopeds are often used to escape.
- Bicycle Robberies – multiple victims usually target a lone suspect and force them to give up their bicycle at knifepoint.

Knife-Enabled Crime

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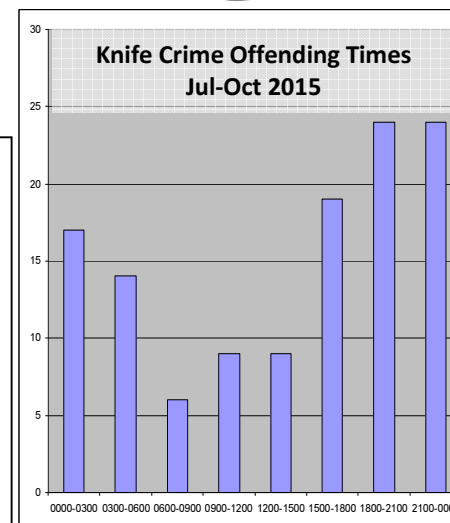


- Knife-enabled offending has experienced an increase across Haringey in recent months and is a contributor to both Violence and Robbery.
- Of particular note, knife injury victims aged under 25 (excluding domestic offences) have increased in the past 12 months by +43% (23 more offences) compared to +7.3% for London.



Seven Sisters

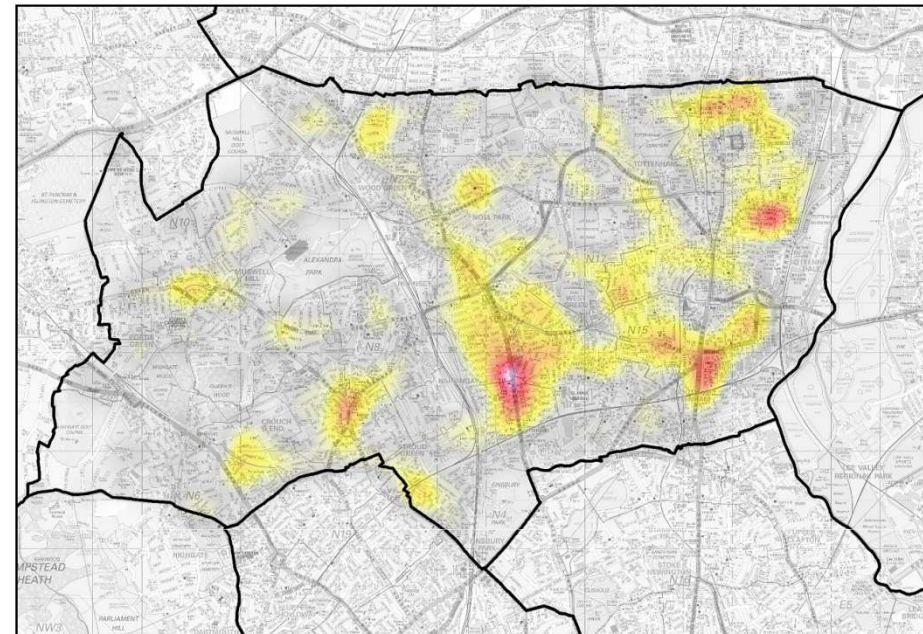
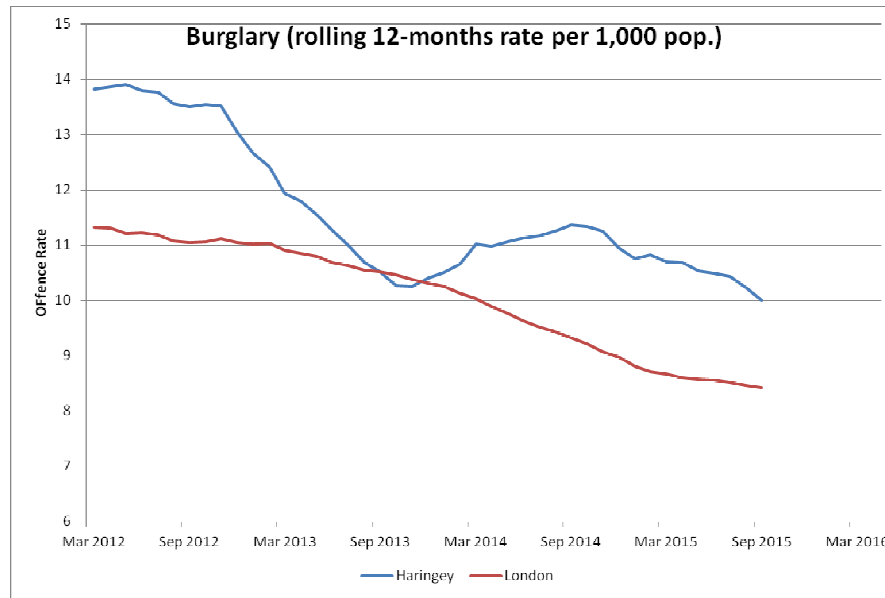
- Primary hotspot appears to be located slightly to the North-West of Seven Sisters tube station, mainly in residential streets.
- This may suggest offenders are following victims as they travel to/from the station and carry out their offending in the more secluded locations. Method usually relates to one or two males approaching a lone victim and either robbing them at knife-point, or assaulting them with a weapon.
- Peak times and days: Fridays and Saturdays, evening to late night period (7pm to 9pm and midnight to 1pm).



Finsbury Park

- Hotspot towards the west of Finsbury Park, around the Stroud Green side. Repeat locations include Florence, Oxford and Woodstock Road. Offences also take place to the north of the park, around Harringay Green Lanes station.
- Most knife crime incidents relate to robberies, during which between one and three suspects approach lone victims and threaten them with a knife.
- Knives are used more frequently to cause actual injury in this location as compared to the borough average. Injury was sustained in approximately 50% of incidents in this hotspot, compared to 35% across YR borough.
- Peak times and days: Saturdays, late night to early morning period (1am to 3am).

Burglary



Overview of Current Performance:

Currently at -26.1% (954 fewer offences) compared to the MOPAC 2011/12 baseline. London is currently at -25.3% over the same period.

Burglary is made up of both dwelling and non-dwelling offences, both of which have recorded reductions in the short and long term. Dwelling burglary has reduced by -15.1% (340 fewer offences) and non-dwelling offences have reduced by -9.6% (72 fewer offences) in the past 12 months.

The sanction detection rate has experienced a long term reduction for burglary, and is currently at 7.1%. London's Burglary sanction detection rate is currently 7.4%.

Key Locations:

Green Lanes, Seven Sisters, Lansdowne Road, Northumberland Park, Crouch End / Stroud Green

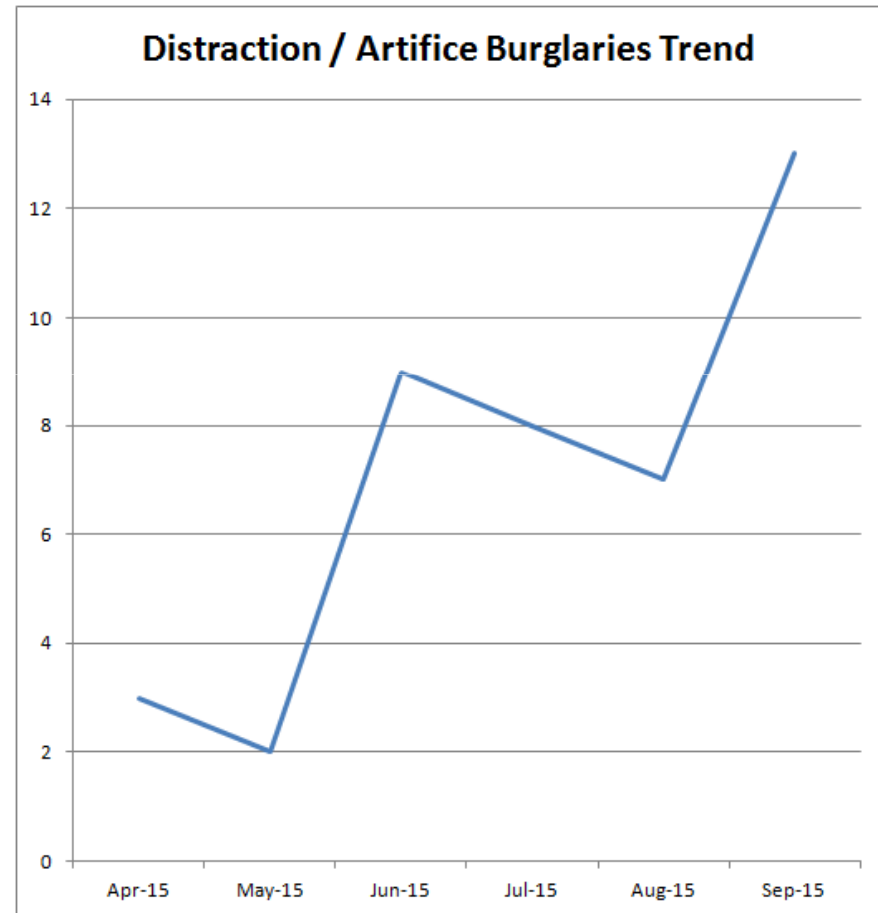
Drivers:

- Distraction / Artifice Burglaries – Suspects claim to be from Water Board / Council etc and target elderly / vulnerable victims
- Unlocked Doors/Windows – Opportunistic offenders gaining entry to properties through unlocked ground floor entry points.
- Tools Used to Break UPVC Windows / Doors – Offenders equipped with tools forcing open weak doors/windows

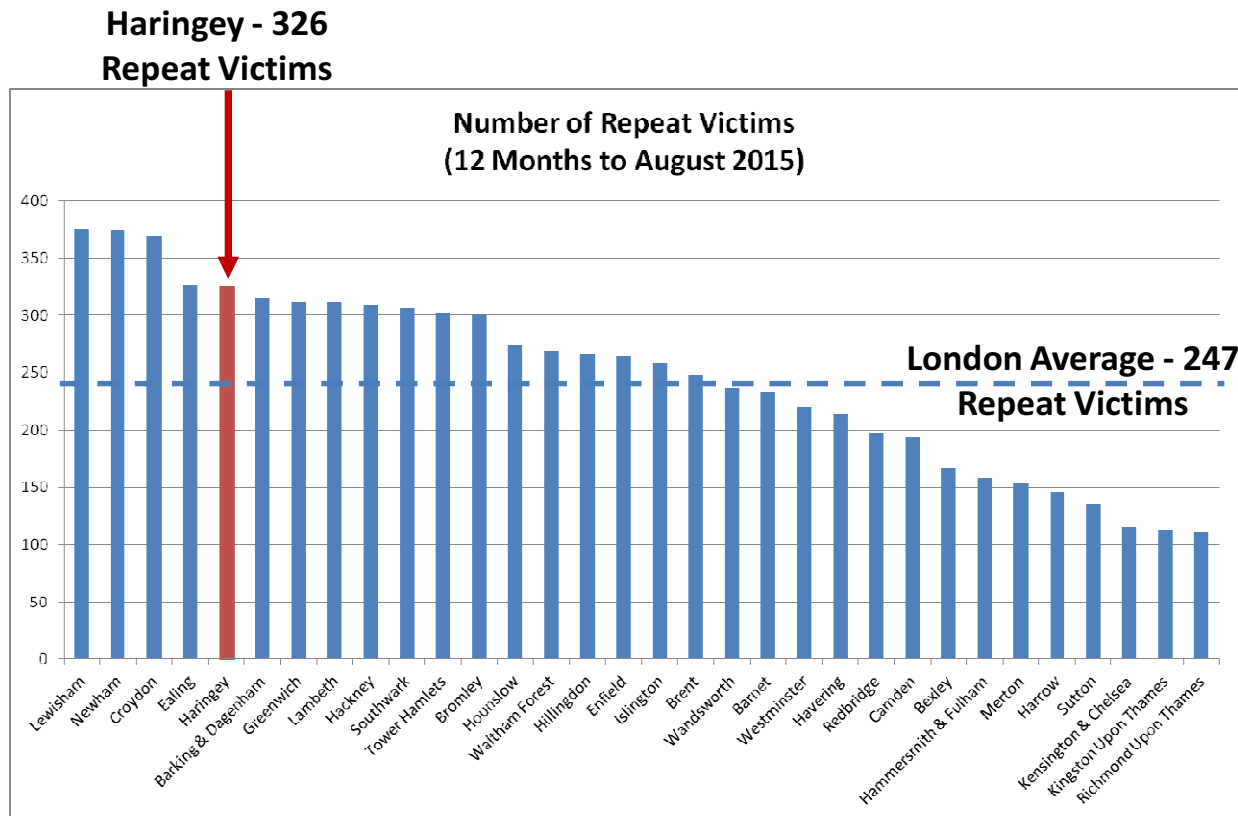
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Emerging Distraction / Artifice Burglary Risk

- Increasing volume of distraction type burglaries across borough
- Suspects often claim to be from the electric company / water board / Council
- Victims are usually elderly and are targeted during the day
- Properties being targeted are usually in relatively affluent neighbourhoods, predominantly to the west
- Small items are frequently taken, including wallets, cash and phones
- **Potential opportunities through Council teams e.g. Trading Standards and public awareness campaigns.**



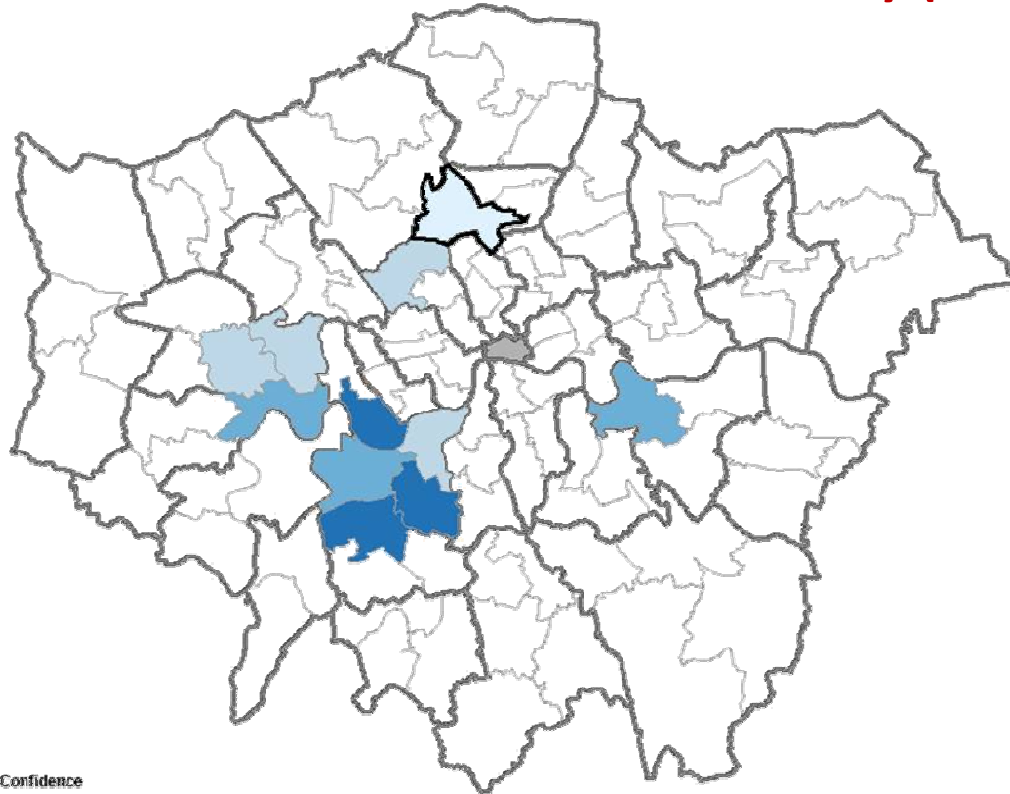
Repeat Victims of Crime



- Haringey currently has the fifth highest volume of repeat victims of all London boroughs.
- Current levels are approximately 32% above the London average.
- Areas experiencing disproportionately high levels of repeats include **Burglary** and **Robbery** offences.

Confidence Levels

June 2015 MPS Public Attitude Survey (PAS)

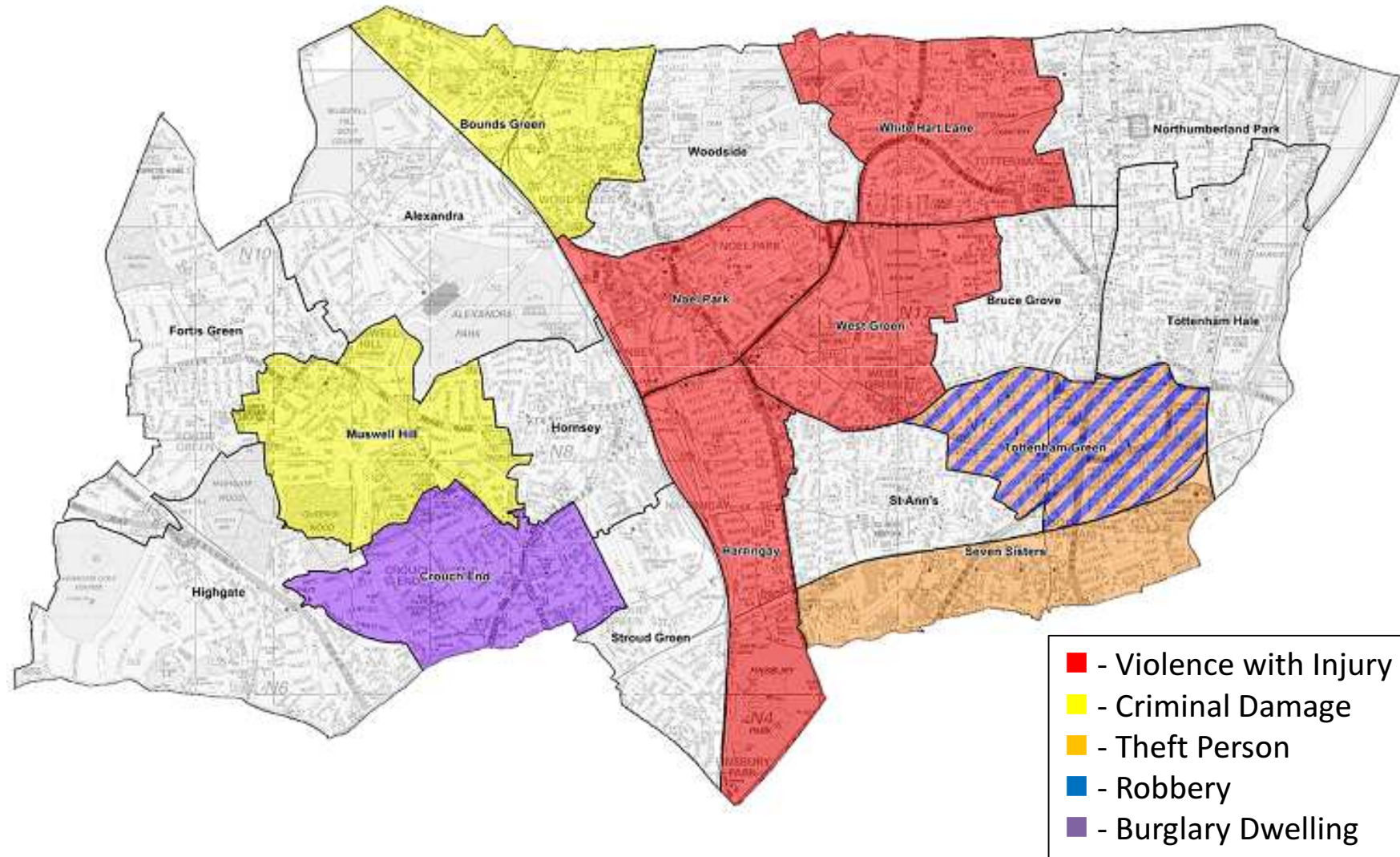


Neighbourhood Confidence
 ■ Highest
 ■ (London)
 ■ (London)
 ■ Lowest

Area	Confidence Level	Rank
MERTON: Wimbledon	77%	(11)
WANDSWORTH: Tooting	75%	(17)
HAM/FULHAM:S Fulham	75%	(20)
GREEWICH: Greenwich	71%	(33)
WANDSWORTH: Putney	70%	(36)
HOUNSLOW: Chiswick	68%	(51)
WANDSWORTH: Battersea	66%	(57)
CAMDEN: North	66%	(58)
EALING: Acton	66%	(65)
EALING: Ealing	61%	(83)
HARINGEY: West	59%	(91)

- Haringey West cluster has the lowest overall confidence level of its Most Similar Group, and is ranked 91st of the 108 London core neighbourhoods.
- This is despite experiencing a lower than average rate of crime and may suggest an artificial fear of crime related to public perceptions
- In particular, areas of relatively poor performance include ‘Police Friendliness’ and ‘Policing Visibility’.

Emerging Vulnerable Locations



- - Violence with Injury
- - Criminal Damage
- - Theft Person
- - Robbery
- - Burglary Dwelling

Emerging Vulnerable Locations

Ward	Crime Type	% Increase Last 6 Months vs. Average
Bounds Green	Criminal Damage	+34.9%
Crouch End	Burglary in a Dwelling	+40.4%
Harringay	Violence with Injury	+32.8%
Muswell Hill	Criminal Damage	+40.9%
Noel Park	Violence with Injury	+40.4%
Tottenham Green	Robbery	+46.7%
Tottenham Green	Theft Person	+38.2%
West Green	Violence with Injury	+38.1%
White Hart Lane	Violence with Injury	+38.7%
Seven Sisters	Theft Person	+36.3%

▪The listed wards are experiencing statistically significant increases in key crime types over the last 6-month period.

▪**Tottenham Green** has experienced large increases in both **Robbery** and **Theft Person** recently

▪**Crouch End** has seen a spike in reported **Burglary** levels, including several utilising artifice/distraction burglary methods.

▪**Muswell Hill** has experienced an increase in **Criminal Damage**, many of which relate to damage to dwellings and vehicles, which may potentially be failed attempts to gain access.

Summary

- Several areas of positive performance

- Challenges include :
 - Maintaining overall -20% reduction performance

 - Repeat victimisation

 - Emerging crime and disorder hotspot locations

 - Confidence levels